

SENATE BILL No. 323

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1-18.5; IC 6-6-11-7.

Synopsis: Adjustments to maximum property tax levy. Allows the department of local government finance to increase the general fund levy of a civil taxing unit by the amount of a temporary adjustment that reduced the levy in a prior year.

Effective: July 1, 2005.

Server

January 6, 2005, read first time and referred to Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy.

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Introduced

First Regular Session 114th General Assembly (2005)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2004 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 323

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-18.5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter:

(1) "ad valorem property tax levy for an ensuing calendar year" means the total property taxes imposed by a civil taxing unit for current property taxes collectible in that ensuing calendar year;

(2) "adopting county" means any county in which the county adjusted gross income tax is in effect;

(3) "civil taxing unit" means any taxing unit except a school corporation;

(4) "maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the preceding calendar year" means the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy for the calendar year immediately preceding the ensuing calendar year, as that levy was determined by the department of local government finance in fixing the civil taxing unit's budget, levy, and rate for that preceding calendar year under IC 6-1.1-17, and after eliminating the effects of temporary



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excessive levy appeals and temporary adjustments made to the working maximum levy for the calendar year immediately preceding the ensuing calendar year, as determined by the department of local government finance;

(5) "taxable property" means all tangible property that is subject to the tax imposed by this article and is not exempt from the tax under IC 6-1.1-10 or any other law. For purposes of sections 2 and 3 of this chapter, the term "taxable property" is further defined in section 6 of this chapter; **and**

(6) "unadjusted assessed value" means the assessed value of a civil taxing unit as determined by local assessing officials and the department of local government finance in a particular calendar year before the application of an annual adjustment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5 for that particular calendar year or any calendar year since the last general reassessment preceding the particular calendar year.

SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-18.5-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as otherwise provided in **subsection (g) or any other provision of** this chapter and IC 6-3.5-8-12, a civil taxing unit that is treated as not being located in an adopting county under section 4 of this chapter may not impose an ad valorem property tax levy for an ensuing calendar year that exceeds the amount determined in the last STEP of the following STEPS:

STEP ONE: Add the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the preceding calendar year to the part of the civil taxing unit's certified share, if any, that was used to reduce the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy under STEP EIGHT of subsection (b) for that preceding calendar year. STEP TWO: Multiply the amount determined in STEP ONE by the amount determined in the last STEP of section 2(b) of this chapter.

STEP THREE: Determine the lesser of one and fifteen hundredths (1.15) or the quotient (rounded to the nearest ten-thousandth (0.0001)), of the assessed value of all taxable property subject to the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy for the ensuing calendar year, divided by the assessed value of all taxable property that is subject to the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy for the ensuing calendar year and that is contained within the geographic area that was subject to the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy in the preceding calendar year.

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STEP FOUR: Determine the greater of the amount determined in STEP THREE or one (1).

STEP FIVE: Multiply the amount determined in STEP TWO by the amount determined in STEP FOUR.

STEP SIX: Add the amount determined under STEP TWO to the amount determined under subsection (c).

STEP SEVEN: Determine the greater of the amount determined under STEP FIVE or the amount determined under STEP SIX.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in **subsection (g) or any other provision of this chapter and IC 6-3.5-8-12**, a civil taxing unit that is treated as being located in an adopting county under section 4 of this chapter may not impose an ad valorem property tax levy for an ensuing calendar year that exceeds the amount determined in the last STEP of the following STEPS:

STEP ONE: Add the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the preceding calendar year to the part of the civil taxing unit's certified share, if any, used to reduce the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy under STEP EIGHT of this subsection for that preceding calendar year.

STEP TWO: Multiply the amount determined in STEP ONE by the amount determined in the last STEP of section 2(b) of this chapter.

STEP THREE: Determine the lesser of one and fifteen hundredths (1.15) or the quotient of the assessed value of all taxable property subject to the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy for the ensuing calendar year divided by the assessed value of all taxable property that is subject to the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy for the ensuing calendar year and that is contained within the geographic area that was subject to the civil taxing unit's ad valorem property tax levy in the preceding calendar year.

STEP FOUR: Determine the greater of the amount determined in STEP THREE or one (1).

STEP FIVE: Multiply the amount determined in STEP TWO by the amount determined in STEP FOUR.

STEP SIX: Add the amount determined under STEP TWO to the amount determined under subsection (c).

STEP SEVEN: Determine the greater of the amount determined under STEP FIVE or the amount determined under STEP SIX.

STEP EIGHT: Subtract the amount determined under STEP FIVE of subsection (e) from the amount determined under STEP SEVEN of this subsection.

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(c) If a civil taxing unit in the immediately preceding calendar year provided an area outside its boundaries with services on a contractual basis and in the ensuing calendar year that area has been annexed by the civil taxing unit, the amount to be entered under STEP SIX of subsection (a) or STEP SIX of subsection (b), as the case may be, equals the amount paid by the annexed area during the immediately preceding calendar year for services that the civil taxing unit must provide to that area during the ensuing calendar year as a result of the annexation. In all other cases, the amount to be entered under STEP SIX of subsection (a) or STEP SIX of subsection (b), as the case may be, equals zero (0).

(d) This subsection applies only to civil taxing units located in a county having a county adjusted gross income tax rate for resident county taxpayers (as defined in IC 6-3.5-1.1-1) of one percent (1%) as of January 1 of the ensuing calendar year. For each civil taxing unit, the amount to be added to the amount determined in subsection (e), STEP FOUR, is determined using the following formula:

STEP ONE: Multiply the civil taxing unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the preceding calendar year by two percent (2%).

STEP TWO: For the determination year, the amount to be used as the STEP TWO amount is the amount determined in subsection (f) for the civil taxing unit. For each year following the determination year, the STEP TWO amount is the lesser of:

(A) the amount determined in STEP ONE; or

(B) the amount determined in subsection (f) for the civil taxing unit.

STEP THREE: Determine the greater of:

(A) zero (0); or

(B) the civil taxing unit's certified share for the ensuing calendar year minus the greater of:

(i) the civil taxing unit's certified share for the calendar year that immediately precedes the ensuing calendar year; or

(ii) the civil taxing unit's base year certified share.

STEP FOUR: Determine the greater of:

(A) zero (0); or

(B) the amount determined in STEP TWO minus the amount determined in STEP THREE.

Add the amount determined in STEP FOUR to the amount determined in subsection (e), STEP THREE, as provided in subsection (e), STEP FOUR.

(e) For each civil taxing unit, the amount to be subtracted under

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subsection (b), STEP EIGHT, is determined using the following formula:

STEP ONE: Determine the lesser of the civil taxing unit's base year certified share for the ensuing calendar year, as determined under section 5 of this chapter, or the civil taxing unit's certified share for the ensuing calendar year.

STEP TWO: Determine the greater of:

(A) zero (0); or

(B) the remainder of:

(i) the amount of federal revenue sharing money that was received by the civil taxing unit in 1985; minus

(ii) the amount of federal revenue sharing money that will be received by the civil taxing unit in the year preceding the ensuing calendar year.

STEP THREE: Determine the lesser of:

(A) the amount determined in STEP TWO; or

(B) the amount determined in subsection (f) for the civil taxing unit.

STEP FOUR: Add the amount determined in subsection (d), STEP FOUR, to the amount determined in STEP THREE.

STEP FIVE: Subtract the amount determined in STEP FOUR from the amount determined in STEP ONE.

(f) As used in this section, a taxing unit's "determination year" means the latest of:

(1) calendar year 1987, if the taxing unit is treated as being located in an adopting county for calendar year 1987 under section 4 of this chapter;

(2) the taxing unit's base year, as defined in section 5 of this chapter, if the taxing unit is treated as not being located in an adopting county for calendar year 1987 under section 4 of this chapter; or

(3) the ensuing calendar year following the first year that the taxing unit is located in a county that has a county adjusted gross income tax rate of more than one-half percent (0.5%) on July 1 of that year.

The amount to be used in subsections (d) and (e) for a taxing unit depends upon the taxing unit's certified share for the ensuing calendar year, the taxing unit's determination year, and the county adjusted gross income tax rate for resident county taxpayers (as defined in IC 6-3.5-1.1-1) that is in effect in the taxing unit's county on July 1 of the year preceding the ensuing calendar year. For the determination year and the ensuing calendar years following the taxing unit's

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determination year, the amount is the taxing unit's certified share for the ensuing calendar year multiplied by the appropriate factor prescribed in the following table:

COUNTIES WITH A TAX RATE OF 1/2%

Year	Subsection (e) Factor
For the determination year and each ensuing calendar year following the determination year	0

COUNTIES WITH A TAX RATE OF 3/4%

Year	Subsection (e) Factor
For the determination year and each ensuing calendar year following the determination year	1/2

COUNTIES WITH A TAX RATE OF 1.0%

Year	Subsection (d) Factor	Subsection (e) Factor
For the determination year	1/6	1/3
For the ensuing calendar year following the determination year	1/4	1/3
For the ensuing calendar year following the determination year by two (2) years	1/3	1/3

(g) If the fiscal body of a civil taxing unit files a request with the department of local government finance before November 1, the department may determine the unit's maximum permissible ad valorem property tax levy for the ensuing calendar year by substituting for the amount determined in STEP ONE of subsection (a) or (b) without regard to this subsection the sum of:

- (1) the amount determined in STEP ONE of subsection (a) or (b) without regard to this subsection; plus**

- (2) all or part of the amount of a temporary adjustment described in section 1(4) of this chapter that is:**

(A) identified to the department of local government finance by the fiscal body;

(B) made to the unit's levy for:

(i) the calendar year that precedes the ensuing calendar year by two (2) years; or

(ii) the calendar year that precedes the ensuing calendar year by three (3) years; and

(C) not:

(i) eliminated from the unit's levy as described in section 1(4) of this chapter; or

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1 (ii) used under this subsection;
 2 in the determination of the unit's maximum permissible ad
 3 valorem property tax levy for a year that precedes the
 4 ensuing calendar year.
 5 SECTION 3. IC 6-6-11-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 6 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "taxing
 7 unit" has the meaning set forth in ~~IC 6-1.1-18.5-1~~ IC 6-1.1-18.5-1(3).
 8 SECTION 4. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005] IC 6-1.1-18.5-3, as
 9 amended by this act, applies only to property taxes first due and
 10 payable after December 31, 2005.

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